

Arizona Landfill Operators Survey

This survey estimates the composition of wastes disposed in Arizona landfills.

Please complete the information below.

Landfill Information

Landfill Name: _____

County: _____

Communities Served: _____

Contact Information

Contact: _____

Title: _____

Phone: _____

Fax: _____

E-mail address: _____

Web page address: _____

Organization: _____

Department: _____

Mailing address: _____

City: _____

State: _____

Zip: _____

Waste Composition Information

Estimated Composition of Material Landfilled in Fiscal Year 2002^[1]

Type of Waste ^[2]	Percent of Total Material Landfilled	
	In-State Waste	Out of State Waste
Municipal Solid Waste	%	%
Construction and Demolition Debris	%	%
Land Clearing Debris/Dirty Fill	%	%
Non-Hazardous Industrial Process	%	%
Septic waste and Sludge	%	%
Agricultural Waste	%	%
Other	%	%
	100%	

^[1] Fiscal Year 2002 began on July 1, 2001 and ended on June 30, 2002.

^[2] See reverse side for an explanation of the waste categories.

Arizona Landfill Operators Survey (cont.)

Definitions:

Municipal solid waste includes wastes such as durable goods, nondurable goods, containers and packaging, food scraps, yard trimmings, and miscellaneous inorganic waste from residential, commercial, institutional, and light industrial sources.

Examples of waste from these categories include: appliances, automobile tires, newspapers, clothing, boxes, disposable tableware, office and classroom paper, wood pallets, cafeteria wastes, furniture, and all other post-consumer wastes.

Municipal solid waste does not include: construction and demolition debris, automobile bodies, municipal sludge, agricultural wastes, industrial sludge, industrial process wastes, and all pre-consumer wastes even though they might be disposed of in municipal landfills or incinerators.

Construction and demolition debris includes waste generated by the construction and demolition industry, such as new construction and remodeling of homes, businesses, and other buildings, construction and expansion of infrastructure and the demolition of any structure.

Examples of waste from these categories include: dimensional lumber, drywall, block, roofing, rebar, steel framing, plate glass, cement, asphalt, aggregate, power poles, and railroad ties.

Construction and demolition debris does not include large durable goods and packaging that would originate from municipal solid waste sources, such as carpet and carpet padding, major appliances, furniture and pallets.

Land Clearing debris/Dirty fill includes waste generated by clearing land for the construction of buildings and infrastructure, such as utility lines. It also includes contaminated materials derived from soil remediation projects. Examples of waste from these categories include: mixtures of soil and rock with brush, tree stumps, aggregate and other material.

Land Clearing debris/Dirty fill does not include yard waste and brush from residential and commercial landscape maintenance companies, homeowners and golf courses, soils and other materials used as daily cover, nor special waste.

Non-hazardous industrial process waste includes wastes generated by industrial and manufacturing processes and all other pre-consumer waste.

Examples of waste from these categories include: product rejects, purge, printing waste, envelope clippings, saw mi waste, combustion ash and automobile fluff.

Non-hazardous industrial process waste does not include finished product discarded due to non-sale at the retail level and industrial sludge.

Septic waste and sludge includes fluid waste generated by industrial processes, water treatment facilities, and private septic systems.

Examples of waste from these categories include: bio-solids, septic tank waste, industrial sludge and other sludge.

Agricultural waste includes wastes generated by the agricultural industry, animal wastes and animal bedding.

Examples of waste from these categories include: crop residuals, spoilage, manures, straw, and saw dust.

Agricultural waste does not include animal carcasses, and organics that originate from municipal sources such as: spoiled vegetables discarded from retail outlets and restaurants, and yard waste from commercial landscape operations and homeowners.

Other includes any waste that were landfilled that do not fall into the other categories. Examples of wastes from this category include animal and automobile bodies.
